COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1893. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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the support of certain State institutions was passed.

The House then went into ... the whole and approved the ... (Sweeney's) providing for the ... collection of revenue from ... in land. Also House Bill ... providing for the mortgaging of ... tate of infants and insane persons.

House Bill No. 45 ... prospecting and ... was then taken up. The ... for the leasing of all ... board of land commissioners ... tor must file a certificate ... of State finding no ... lands. If his claim is ... are made for the payment of ... for the State schools. ... State Land Bureau ... land not covered by the ... office. After a good ... bill was passed. The House ... rec ... until this evening ... little work was done ... tendance of members.

SENATE

In the Senate the ... tions recommended that the ... egraph and telephone ... indefinitely postponed as ... impracticable. The ... fairs recommended the ... sale of intoxicating liquors for ... bill prohibiting the use of free ... State officials was laid on the table.

In committee of the whole ... regulating the weighing of ... mended for passage.

The bill providing for the ... lands was discussed at length, ... tion to strike out the section ... table thereof stricken out.

The committee rose ... any definite action on the ... was ordered until 2 o'clock.

In the afternoon the consideration of the Land bill was continued ... for final passage. Senate Joint ... No. 8, requesting the President to ... coal lands in the Uncompahgre ... sion to entry was adopted.

House Bill No. 290 ... companies, firms or persons ... against fires must before ... to transact business in the State ... curities of $20,000 with the Secretary of State, and providing a similar ... ir ... rance policies are issued, was taken ... and hotly contested. The discussion lasted ... the afternoon, the bill at last being ... mended for final passage. Adjourned.

Senator Saulsbury Dead.

WILMINGTON, March 22.—Ex-United States Senator Saulsbury died to-day.

Eli Saulsbury was born in Kent county, Del., Dec. 29, 1817. He attended common and select schools, followed an irregular course at Dickinson, studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1841, and practiced at Dover, Del. He was a member of the legislature in 1853-4, and succeeded his brother, Willard, as United States Senator, having been elected as a Democrat in 1859. He was reelected in 1876, and again in 1883. He offered an amendment to the "force bill" in the Forty-... Congress, and in the same session ... in two speeches, and voted against ... "to enforce the provisions of the Fourteenth amendment of the United States." He moved an amendment to the speech payment bill, and spoke and voted in the negative in the Forty-third Congress against ... in the organization of the ...

Around Cape Horn.

San Francisco, March 22.—Five big clippers, which sailed this morning for ... with wheat, will race to Liverpool ... Cork for a wager. They are the City of Adelaide, Lochee, Bowdon, Pinmore and Templemore. The first ship to ... will get $1,000 and the second ... is also a side bet of $250 to $500 ... by Captain Maxwell of the Pinmore with Captain Low of the Bowdon that ... Pinmore will beat the Bowdon by three ...

A Powder Mill Explosion.

Kansas City, March 22.—Early this evening ... house of the Diamond Coal ... Company, eight miles south of the city, blew to atoms by the explosion of ... kegs of powder and a quantity of dynamite which were ignited from the explosion of a ... quantity of gasoline carelessly ... Several miners were severely injured and were brought to this city in ... to receive medical attention.

A Venerable Spinster.

New York, March 22.—Before sailing on the Majestic this morning, J. Pierpont Morgan ... following statement to a reporter:

"I do not go to borrow any money for the United States nor to perform any other mission for the government. No, I do not object to ... I am going to Europe for. It is simply to get a rest. I shall have a good time while I am away and shall return in June."

A Council Meeting.

Montreal, March 22.—M. Alexieff, Mayor of this city, who was shot yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the city council, died from the effects of his injuries early this morning. Arlanoff, his murderer, refuses to make any statement as to his reason for shooting the Mayor, but the police are firm in their conviction that the crime is the outcome of Nihilistic plot.

Missouri Pacific Officials.

New York, March 22.—The annual election of officers of the Missouri Pacific ... held to-day. The officers were ... President, S. H. H. Clark; First Vice President, George J. Gould; Second Vice President, C. C. Warner; Secretary and Treasurer, A. H. Calef; Assistant Secretary, Guy Phillips; Second Assistant Secretary, F. W. Ireland; Local Treasurer, D. S. H. Smith.

Disorder Feared in Ireland.

London, March 22.—A correspondent of the Daily Telegraph who is traveling in Ulster writes that preparations have gone so far that nothing can prevent bloodshed in case the Home Rule bill be passed. Despite the denials of Mr. Morley, Chief Secretary of Ireland, the correspondent says it is certain they have accumulated a formidable body of troops.

Death of a Nebraska Pioneer.

Washington, March 22.—Erastus Dorman Webster, M.D., died here to-day. In 1860 he founded the Omaha Republican and in 1860 was chosen as the first delegate to congress of Nebraska in a National convention. From 1861 to 1865 he served as private secretary to Secretary Seward. He was a delegate at large from Nebraska to the National convention.

A Legal Hanging.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 22.—At ... o'clock to-day Dennis Mc[illegible] and John Terry were hanged for the murder of Warden Taylor and Benjamin Davis all prominent citizens of this place. Terry protested his innocence to the last while McCoy admitted his guilt and attributed his disgraceful end to evil ...

A Street Car Wrecked.

Oshkosh, Wis., March 22.—A Wisconsin Central freight train struck a street car this morning and wrecked it. C. W. Davis, President of the German-American bank, ... Hart and Miss Carrie Swartz, a niece of Attorney Mac Hooper, was probably fatally injured.

Mr. Mackey's Successor.

Denver, March 22.—Dr. D. Mayo is to be ... W. H. ... as manager of the Denver Express company ... Mr. Mackey. The ... will be ... by three ...

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MORE NOMINATIONS.

[illegible]

A DIFFICULT PLACE TO FILL

The Commissioner of Pensions not yet Selected—Something About the Latest Appointees—The Civil Law Would be Enforced.

[illegible]

THE CHINESE EXCLUSION LAW

Secretary Carlisle Has Prepared Instructions in Regard to It—He will Enforce the Provisions of the Act as Fully as Possible.

[illegible]

SENATE EXTRA SESSION.

Washington, March 22.—In the Senate today Senator Manderson resigned as president pro tem. of the Senate. Senator Harris of Tennessee was then elected to fill that position and was at once sworn in.

The battle over the Senate elective offices began in the executive session of the senate today with the profile of a compromise by the Democrats, the terms of which are that the present officers draw their salaries until July 1, when the new officers who will be elected shall qualify and assume office. The Republicans took the offer under advisement and will caucus upon it to-morrow.

The Senate has confirmed Frank H. Burke of Indiana, to be Attorney of the United States for the District of Indiana, and David B. Guyton of Mississippi, to be Marshal of the United States for the Northern District of Mississippi, and William H. Hawkins of Indiana, to be Marshal of the United States for the District of Indiana. The Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

The Souvenir Half Dollars.

Philadelphia, March 22.—Before the close of the week there will be no less than $1,000,000 in Columbian souvenir half dollars in the special vault in which they are kept in the mint in this city, and probably by Sunday the five millionth or last of the series will be placed aside with Colonel Bosbyshell's certificate. The amount then on hand will be about 30 per cent. of the total coined, and it is not known how long the souvenirs will be left in the mint. The demand for the coins does not appear to have been so heavy as to lead the managers to request shipments to be rushed. Superintendent Bosbyshell states that all orders from the Secretary of the Treasury for the shipment of the coins to Chicago have been filled, and no instructions have been received as to the disposition of the heavy amount on hand. To-day there are in the vault about 965,000 of the coins and to fill the amount of the congressional grant, 700,000 more will be required. If the coins are ordered to be shipped to Chicago they will probably be sent on orders that will not exceed lots of 200,000 each, so that it will take no fewer than eight shipments to get the souvenirs to Chicago. Of all the coins shipped but five thousand have been shipped elsewhere than to Chicago.

Town Stories at Work.

Meridian, Miss., March 22.—The town of Purvis, Miss., on the New Orleans Northeastern railroad, one hundred miles south of Meridian was destroyed by incendiaries last night. Shortly after midnight the torch was applied to five buildings situated in different portions of the town, and within two hours time almost every store and residence in the place was wiped off the face of the earth. People ran panic stricken into the streets and the greatest excitement prevailed. The Western Union telegraph office was burned and particulars are meager, but from the passengers who passed Purvis on a northbound train this afternoon it is learned that the conflagration was caused by a bitter feeling between the whites and negroes. It is said that a negro recently arrested in Purvis a few weeks ago and represented himself to be an agent of the United States government who had been sent from Washington to pension all slaves. Before a pension could be procured, however, the pretender said it was necessary to pay $10 as a fee. He was reaping a harvest of fees when he was locked up in jail on the charge of obtaining money on false pretenses.

This caused great excitement and was followed by threats from the negroes to burn and sack the town.

Last night a gang of negroes set to work to make their threats good. A posse of citizens left Meridian for Purvis late this evening.

A Great Storm.

St. Paul, Minn., March 22.—Dispatches from fifty points in western and southern Minnesota and South Dakota indicate that a great storm is raging. At Faribault and neighboring points eight inches of snow fell, and this was followed by a heavy fall of hail and thunder and lightning. West of Aberdeen, S. D., the fall of snow was so great as to delay trains. At St. Paul it began snowing at 5 p. m. and had developed into a driving sleet storm by 9 p. m. The storm is followed in the far west by a chinook wind and a big thaw and possible floods are expected to-morrow.

A high wind this morning drifted the snow already on the ground so badly that electric cars were run with difficulty. At noon the suburban trains were abandoned. This evening the wind increased in force and it began snowing. In twenty minutes all street cars were stalled. Snow plows and electric sweepers are absolutely unavailing, the snow is so heavy. Afternoon trains were all late, and to-night railroad officials are looking for trouble.

Schaefer's Wrist.

Chicago, March 22.—Jake Schaefer passed an uncomfortable night. His arm pained him so badly to-day that the bandages were not removed. To-day eminent surgeons will inspect the extent of Jake's injuries and place the arm in a plaster cast. Schaefer had expected to leave for New York to-day. His ticket had been bought and his baggage checked. Only an hour before the accident he averaged thirty in a practice game with John Moulds. "It is very hard on Jake," said Moulds. "He was in splendid form and felt good. He was playing a swift game, too, and felt certain of winning his match with Sloan. It will be at least two or three months before he is able to use his hand again."

Hail in Oklahoma.

El Reno, Okla., March 22.—This city and the surrounding country were deluged by a hail storm. The stones were good, but terrifying. The hail came down in perfect torrents, causing people to flee for their lives. Fortunately, however, none were seriously injured. No such storm has ever been recorded in this part of the country.

[illegible]

OXFORD WON.

The Great English Intercollegiate Boat Race.

THE FIFTIETH OF THE SERIES.

Time Figures Which are Interesting in View of a Possible International Race—American Colleges are Rather Slow.

London, March 22.—Today, for the fifty-fifth time ... crews of Oxford and Cambridge sat in ... on the Thames's waters and row ... for life to win, and today Oxford added another twenty-seventh victory over Cambridge.

The course is the historic stretch of water lying between Putney and Mortlake, which measures ... exactly four and a quarter miles.

On Putney bridge, before the race began, rows of people crowded the parapet and watched the participants from the start with eager interest. On the wide foreshore, too, in front of the rowing club house great crowds gathered to see the launch of the wonderful skiffs, which were to bear the heroes of the day to victory or defeat, and to cheer their favorites as they appeared. Each side of the river was lined with tugs, barges, wherries and all manner of odd craft, accommodating sight seers, whose merriment was drowned by the blatant strains of brass bands. Along the course balconies were filled with gaily dressed ladies and the scene was one of constant brightness.

The start took place from the stone bridge at Putney. The patience of the waiting crowds at this point was rewarded by seeing Cambridge take the water as the challengers in the race. In a few moments they were followed in the boat, their light blue caps and jackets and their oar blades of the same tint, being conspicuous in spite of the confusion caused by a few tardy launches and wherries struggling to get out of the way, and succeeding again. The crew looked very pretty as they paddled with precision to the moored skiff from which they were to start. Needless to say they were lustily cheered by their friends and sympathizers. Hardly had the noisy greeting subsided when the Oxford men emerged from their headquarters at the London Rowing club and took their boat to the waterside. Their appearance was the signal for an outburst of hearty cheering from those who fancied the dark blue crew.

Cambridge won the toss and chose the Surrey side. Once out from the shore they paddled with somewhat more vigor than their opponents to their appointed place, the dark blue blades of their oars dipping simultaneously with clockwork regularity. Each crew being now held at its moored mooring, the men prepared for battle by stripping off their flannel jackets and sweaters and adjusting their balances. The tide was running strongly and there was a stiffish wind. The crews having striped, little remained to distinguish them from another except the color of their caps. All being in ... the official ... fired the pistol and amid the shouts of ... of adieu and the hooting ... of steam whistles and sirens, the ... set up ... to ... the ...

Cambridge ... a ... in a tiny launch, and at a ... the ... of the ... for the ... of the ... with the intention of ... Yells of encouragement and ... of ... met to both crews as they ... as the ... came in sight and as they ... the craft of every kind to be seen on the river ... and ...

At Chiswick bridge Cambridge was leading by three feet, but in the last half of the race Oxford forged ahead and at the three-quarters point Oxford was six feet in advance.

Oxford led by a yard at Chiswick, about half a mile from the start. Oxford maintained her lead to the end of the race and won by a half length, amid the ... din of whistles ... along the shore and after ...

Oxford won in 19:47.

The Oxford and Cambridge race is of interest in ... by ... of the ... famously ... crews in America ... our period Harvard or Yale. So ... comparison of size, made at home and abroad, becomes a matter of importance. In ... four-mile race Harvard and Yale have never equaled the time made by Oxford this year. In 1890 the ... was covered in 20:1.

A Coal Mine Cave.

Creede, Colo., March 22.—The New York mine was closed last night. The ... for this unusual and unpleasant state of affairs has its origin in the fact that when the New York started its shaft it was agreed to begin work on it with pay at $3. When deep enough they would pay at regular shaft work prices, $3.50. The Miners' Union officials, it is said, thought the shaft deep enough to warrant the higher rate, and as the men could not get it, it determined to try the method resorted to to compel the raise.

It is further reported that A. E. Reynolds would brook no interference with his operations and met the union officials' action by closing down the mine indefinitely. All the miners employed are not members of the union, but all such were overawed and compelled to submit.

Tonight Manager Reynolds offered to open the mine again at the rate of $3 per day, and as many men are returning to work it is thought that the trouble is over.

An Iowa Lynching.

Ottumwa, Ia., March 22.—One of the most cold-blooded murders that has ever occurred in this section was committed this morning at Hiteman, resulting in the death of Mrs. Harry Smith and the probably fatal wounding of her baby, and her ... the wife of the ... who committed the awful crime. The terrible tragedy ended by the hanging of the murderer by the infuriated people.

The frightful crime was committed at Hiteman, a mining town of about 2000 population. Hiteman is located in Monroe county and fifteen miles south-east of Albia and about thirty miles from this city. Lewis Frazier the murderer, lived in Carbondale, another mining town situated in Mahaska county fifteen miles from Hiteman. It appeared that Mrs. Frazier had left her husband on account of his brutal treatment of her and had gone to live with her sister, Mrs. Smith, at Hiteman, who herself is employed in the mines at that place. This morning about ten o'clock while Mrs. Smith was at work in the mine, Frazier came to Hiteman and went to Smith's house. He called for his wife, and tried to induce her to go home with him, which she refused to do. A scene ensued. Frazier drew a knife and stabbed his sister-in-law, Mrs. Smith, in her little baby, which she had in her arms. Mrs. Smith ... a few hours and Mrs. Smith ... baby ... mitting ... left ... house, ... for a mile or ... of the ... Yells of ... of ... met to both ... as the ... came in ... and as they ... the craft of every kind to be seen on the river ... and ...

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THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY — [illegible]

WEEKLY — IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING — Rates known on application to the [illegible]

JOB WORK. Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Mississippi river.

All persons having advertisements in the paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given. No claims are allowed against employees of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts. All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Tuesday noon.

W. A. PLATT, Editor. H. A. RISLEY, Manager.

THE FIRST INSTALLMENT OF Mr. F. Marion Crawford's Latest Novel, PIETRO GHISLERI Will be Printed in Next Sunday's Gazette

CITIZENS' NOMINATIONS.

For Mayor.
WILLIAM M. STRICKLER.

For City Treasurer.
MOSES T. HALE.

A GOOD RECORD.

After General Chamberlin, who for some years the executive officer of the Colorado Springs Company, had left the city he was asked concerning its future. He said he thought it could not amount to much on account of the scarcity of water. Now it will be remembered that in the recent suit brought by the ranchmen of the Fountain Valley against the City, Judge Campbell decided that we were not entitled to any water whatever if it were needed by those having prior rights. This meant that in the summer time we were not entitled to a drop. This was after the City had spent hundreds of thousands of dollars in buying and laying water pipes. How we were to get the right to use any water, no mortal knew. The best legal men in the country held diametrically opposite views touching the matter of water rights. In fact the whole business was in the air without foundation and no one could see a way out of our difficulty.

While matters were in this chaotic condition in order to get the Supreme Court to submit certain important points, the well-known friendly suit of Strickler vs. The City of Colorado Springs was brought. Not until this suit was decided did the skies begin to clear. Only then did any people know how to open up by which we could obtain a title to water. In deciding upon this suit the court has given the most important and satisfactory rulings relative to the matter of water rights that have ever emanated from any judicial tribunal. Some estimate of the value of the services of Dr. Strickler in obtaining water rights for the city, at a minimum cost, after the suit was decided, may be inferred from the interview with Mr. Irving Howbert published in yesterday's GAZETTE.

Only those who are intimate with Dr. Strickler are aware of his quiet, untiring work for the good of the city in the past, or the similar work in which he is now engaged. It is true, as to his future efforts in behalf of the city, that it will make no great difference whether he be elected Mayor or not. At the same time, it seems altogether improper that his good work should be ignored and that he should be [illegible] for one who has never rendered any service of value to the city. It would in fact be a piece of ingratitude which would not reflect credit upon the city. Still further, although Dr. Strickler would not we suppose permit his efforts for the city's good if he should not be elected, nevertheless as Mayor he would be in a position to do a great deal more than he could do as a private citizen.

In speaking thus of Dr. Strickler, we do not mean to imply that no other men have been active in forwarding the welfare of the city, or even that he has done more for it than any other man; but he is running for office at this time, while the others are not, and we want every voter in Colorado Springs to know what sort of man our candidate is, and what his record is. We want him elected, not so much because we are against all or any of the other candidates, as because we believe he is the candidate best qualified for the position. It will be time to compare his record with that of the other candidates when we know exactly who the other candidates are.

THE NEW SILVER CONFERENCE.

It is now alleged, with a strong claim to certainty, that President Cleveland has made up his mind to appoint delegates in place of Senators Allison and Jones to the Bimetallic Conference which will assemble at Brussels in May, and that the Senators, and particularly Mr. Teller and Mr. Allison, who were about to pass the passage of a resolution calling for the appointment of such delegates, have found that course unnecessary, and will let the proposed resolution rest.

It is also alleged, on the same authority, that the President will probably appoint Senator Teller in the place of Senator Jones, and in Senator Allison's place some Eastern Democrat who is in accord with his own views on the subject.

We sincerely hope that these reports may prove true. The conference certainly ought to reassemble, for there is now a stronger probability that its members may reach an agreement than there was last year. On some accounts it would be better to return the entire delegation from the United States; but if Senator Jones will not go, no better man could be found to take his place than Senator Teller; and as Senator Allison [illegible] to leave further, it seems [illegible] that the President should [illegible] a member of his own party. [illegible] J. Edward Simpson of New York, who is in accord with his own [illegible] Mr. Jones, [illegible] Mr. [illegible]

[illegible] a New York bank president, but, unlike Mr. Cannon, he is not a monometallic nor a gold monometallist. We believe that he and Mr. Teller could work as well as Mr. Jones and Mr. Cannon, and that a delegation so constituted could present the American case ably and harmoniously.

There are in this matter three important things to be done:

1. To reassemble the conference.
2. To send good conferees;
3. To outline some definite proposals.

If these three things are done, we believe the conference, when it comes together, will be able to do something really practical for the rehabilitation of silver as a money metal.

MR. BURGHARDT, OF KANSAS.

The Kansas Populists ought to have muzzled Mr. Allen Burghardt, of Argentine, before they allowed him to roam at large. His talk at Washington will not be helpful to his party. Mr. Burghardt boasts that he was the man who cast three votes for Martin in caucus, and so beat Frank Doster out of the nomination; and he avows, no less frankly, that the object of his present journey to Washington is to obtain from Mr. Martin the reward of his zeal.

Mr. Burghardt, in order to show the Washington people that he is versed in legislative procedure, boasts also that he and another Populist member of the late House in Kansas pocketed $500 as the result of a clever "strike" in the form of a grain inspection bill, and also avers that eight of his Populist fellow members netted $100 apiece by a coal screening bill introduced for blackmailing purposes.

In short, Mr. Burghardt, while a delightfully frank person, is a little too loquacious for his party's good. His talk shows that the main object of himself and of a number of his Populist colleagues was to make all the money they could out of their position, entirely regardless of the interests of the dear People whose representatives they pretended to be.

Would it not be a good idea for the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections to impound Mr. Burghardt, and glean from him some of the details of the "election" of Mr. Martin as United States Senator from Kansas? He seems to know all about it, and if the members of the committee could bring themselves to believe him when speaking under oath, they might obtain from him some interesting facts that bear quite directly upon Mr. Martin's title.

Mayor Washburne, of Chicago, waxes sarcastic over the closing of public offices in that city on St. Patrick's day and Kaiser Wilhelm's birthday. Certainly if there are to be observed as public holidays, we sought, considering the number of English, Italians, Hungarians and Scandinavians in this country, to close our public offices on the birthdays of Queen Victoria, King Humbert, Kossuth and Gustavus Adolphus. As for the Russians here, they would hardly care to celebrate the birthday of the Czar with rejoicing and feasts.

The citizens of Cripple Creek are evidently in earnest about the rebuilding of the Clarendon hotel. The camp certainly needs it, for it is growing every day—not a boom, you understand, but a good steady, healthy growth—and even Mr. J. H. Wolfe's fine new structure cannot accommodate all who want board and lodging.

All lovers of the game of billiards will be sorry to hear of the accident by which Schaefer has broken his right wrist. When he was at his best, there was no evolution with a cue which that wrist could not perform. He has been a comet among billiard stars for fifteen years.

There may be some doubt as to the wisdom of pressing Mr. Humphrey's resolution, but the truth and justice of his criticisms of Governor Waite is undeniable.

To-day Mr. Kieffer is to decide whether to stay by the Church, or go into politics. His friends wish the former; his enemies, the latter.

About the first thing for the Legislature to do now is to provide for the payment of its debts, and then adjourn.

No Woman's Suffrage.

The State Senators were yesterday ungallant enough to relegate the female suffrage bill from second place on the calendar to its appropriate position, somewhere among the nineties. Those members of the legislature who just now are crying out so persistently against unnecessary and extravagant expenditures may do well to turn their economic views upon this bill. It does not, indeed, appropriate any money. But the general election which it practically calls for next fall will cost a good deal of money. And it will be money thrown away. The result of the election will be a foregone conclusion. It is just as impossible for the woman suffrage proposition to carry in this State as it would be for prohibition to win in Missouri, Arkansas or Kentucky.—Colorado Sun.

Mr. Wright Explains.

To the Editor of THE GAZETTE:

DEAR SIR—Your issue of yesterday contained a report of the proceedings of the recent session of the City Council, in which were certain statements concerning me, in my capacity as City Sexton. Acquainted as I am with Mr. Gillingham, who seems to be the father of the whole affair, I do not desire and will not enter into a controversy with him, but, in justice to myself and friends I deem it best to state the facts as they exist, in order that good citizens may not be misled or deceived. Had it not been for my absence Mr. Gillingham could never have induced the Council to have passed the resolutions.

As to my not having qualified, I will say that upon my election to the position I applied to the City Clerk with the intention of qualifying and was informed by him that it would not be necessary for me to do so. I have never been requested to do so, but have at all times been ready and willing.

As to my not having made a report, I wish to say that the ordinance do not require one from me, but that upon proper request from proper authority, I have been ever willing to make a report. No one ever requested me to make one but Mr. Gillingham. I declined to honor his request, as he had no authority to make it, and his manner was arrogant and offensive. There are seventy delinquents instead of three hundred as charged, and for their delinquency I am in no sense responsible, as I was assured by several of the Aldermen, including Mr. Gillingham, that I would not be expected to make the collections.

In pursuance of the order of the Council I have made a report and I invite the inspection of all who desire verification of these statements. The same may be seen upon application to the City Clerk, from whom inquirers can also learn that I am not indebted to the city in any amount.

I desire to say nothing more, as I believe with the foregoing explanation the tirade of abuse heaped on me can have no effect on the intelligent citizens of this community.

Respectfully, D. M. WRIGHT.

High[illegible] of all in Leavening Power. Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THEIR PUBLIC ADDRESSES.

Remarkable Instances of Memorization by Famous Men.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, March 20.—When President Cleveland received in the great amphitheater of Madison Square Garden in New York city the formal announcement of his nomination for the presidency, among the inconspicuous men who stood in the great throng at the back of the platform was Wilson Shannon Bissell. Very few knew him by sight, although his name was familiar by reason of his professional and personal association with Mr. Cleveland for many years. When the candidate finished his speech acknowledging the honor and accepting the nomination, a gentleman who knew Mr. Bissell, and who had been much impressed by the address, asked Bissell how Cleveland had been able to acquire a style which, though it seemingly violated the rules rhetoricians have laid down for the composition of public addresses, nevertheless has always proved to be acceptable to the throngs whom Cleveland has addressed.

"He did not acquire that style," Mr. Bissell replied. "It was perfectly natural to him and was characteristic of his writings and addresses from the very first."

"But in his private conversation Mr. Cleveland does not use big words or any such language as suggests that study of Johnson to which many students of his addresses attribute such influence as Mr. Cleveland has had in the formation of a literary style," the gentleman added.

"Mr. Cleveland probably never read Johnson," Bissell replied. "His style is completely his own."

Mr. Bissell's comment is believed by all of those who knew the president in his younger days to be correct. He had soon after he was admitted to the bar upon several occasions shown a singular fluency in verbal expression and the choice of large words, and the fondness for epigrammatic construction of important ideas was revealed in these earlier efforts of his. He could not change his style if he tried, so those who know him say, and therefore his speeches and messages are really without that affectation which some literary critics have professed to find in them. The composition both of public speeches and written addresses has always been singularly easy with him.

Lincoln, in whose addresses many competent critics have found the highest rhetorical art, confessed that he owed such style as he had to his early reading of Shakespeare, the Bible and some of Clay's speeches. Garfield, whose orations were the most scholarly of any delivered by any president, was a consistent student of the classics, and his style, singularly pure and happy, was the result of training and the discipline of natural aptitude. General Harrison's style, which such competent critics as Charles A. Dana have regarded as singularly forceful, appropriate and at times exquisite, is in no sense the result of any other training than that which he gave himself as a practicing lawyer, and the model presidential document, as many regard Washington's farewell address, is to be, of course, its literary beauty, it is believed, not to Washington, but either to James Madison or Edward Livingston.

Much comment has been caused by President Cleveland's delivery of his inaugural address without reference to his notes, although the man who held proof slips of the address say that it was repeated verbatim without a slip or change in a single expression.

Mr. Cleveland possesses a faculty somewhat rare and yet the gift also of a few of the greatest men we have had. He is able to memorize unconsciously. The writing of this address and the reading of it over once or twice fixed it firmly in his memory. Governor Seward, Lincoln's secretary of state, possessed this faculty. The mere act of writing a speech which would require perhaps an hour to deliver was sufficient to enable Mr. Seward to memorize it. Webster did not have this faculty. When he spoke without notes, the speech had been carefully prepared, the exordium and peroration perhaps committed to memory, but he relied upon the inspiration of the moment for the precise language.

Wendell Phillips very seldom wrote out his orations, but he frequently would spend a week or ten days in his study, sometimes lying upon his sofa all day, mentally but not physically writing out his speeches. For this reason reports of some of his lectures differ in minor respects. His oration on Daniel O'Connell was reported by an expert stenographer when it was delivered in New York and afterward published in pamphlet form. It was also reported when delivered in Boston, and as thus reported appears in one of the sketches of his life published recently. The two lectures are substantially the same. Much of the language is identical, and yet there are such variances as indicate that the lecture was not memorized.

Edward Everett and William Pinckney memorized with most painstaking labor their speeches, going so far even as to practice the gestures before a glass. Lincoln was able to memorize an address, but not with such perfect fidelity to its written form as Cleveland or Seward otherwise.

But perhaps the most remarkable instance of memorization was that given by Roscoe Conkling in a political address delivered in New York during the second Grant campaign. Mr. Conkling spoke four hours without any reference to notes, and almost every one in the building supposed that the speech was extemporaneous. Yet reporters who followed the printed proof slips say that he did not change a word, and Mr. Conkling afterward said that the only method of memorization he adopted was to read the speech over once or twice after he had written it. He therefore had the same faculty which President Cleveland and Mr. Seward possessed, and Ingersoll possesses it in a lesser degree.

Chauncey M. Depew does not have that faculty at all and must either speak after Webster's method and that of Phillips or else confine himself to manuscript, as he always does in his more important addresses. Beecher was probably the best example of the rare power of absolute extemporaneous address to be found among any orators of his generation, for it was frequently his habit to discard his written notes, and following out an idea which had occurred to him while on the platform deliver perhaps one of his best orations or sermons.

Talmage has something of Cleveland's capacity to retain in memory that which he has written, the operation of memorizing being purely unconscious, but Talmage frequently varies from his dictated manuscript.

E. J. EDWARDS.

Rescued From Under the Ice.

Mamie Sommers, a little girl 3 years old, fell through an airhole in the ice in the Platte river near Cheyenne a short while ago and drifted down with the current. Her brother, a young man of 19, plunged in after her, caught her after a short swim down the river, turned beneath the ice, and swam with her against the current back to the hole. Neither of them was seriously injured.

A Surprise For the Child.

A little Kentucky girl, kind and polite, went into the kitchen one morning to see her "Old Mammy" and was astonished to find her mother cooking breakfast, the cook being ill. "Why, mamma," said she, "I didn't know co was a brown lady."—New York Tribune.

Some Use Yet.

Mother (reprovingly)—Every doll you have has lost an arm or a leg or a head, and some have nothing left but the body. Now, what are you going to do?

Little Ethel (thoughtfully)—I don't know, ma'am. I play dice with them.—Puck.

For a Clubman to Remember.

Don't make a bolt from your 6 o'clock dinner table to your club and leave the poor soul, who would like to enjoy your society, to the horrors of an evening alone. Remember that the tenderest mother and the most untiring housekeeper would enjoy an occasional change from nursery and home duties.

ORDINANCES.

An Ordinance to Regulate Hucksters and Hawkers.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs:

SECTION 1.—No person shall ply the vocation of huckster or hawker in this city unless he shall first obtain a license therefor, and all such persons in plying their vocations as such huckster or hawker, are forbidden to stop in any one place for a longer period than five minutes, but shall keep moving along, and shall not stop in or near the middle of any street nor so as to obstruct the free travel thereof, and in the business portions of the city shall use an ordinary conversational tone only in making outcry of their goods.

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined in a sum not less than $5 nor more than $25 for each offence and upon conviction thereof the license shall be cancelled.

E. W. DAVIS, Acting Mayor.
Attest: W. M. HAMMITT, City Clerk.
Passed March 20, 1893.

An Ordinance to amend an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to control and protect the streams furnishing water to the water works and to control and protect the reservoirs belonging to the City of Colorado Springs."

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs:

That the above entitled ordinance passed July 21st 1890, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto as Section 6 the following:

SECTION 6. All persons are hereby forbidden to enter within the fence and enclosures enclosing the reservoirs on the mesa northwest of the city without the permission of the City Council or of the Water Superintendent therefor. Any persons violating any of the provisions of this Section shall be fined in a sum not less than $5 nor more than $25.

Passed March 20, 1893.

E. W. DAVIS, Acting Mayor.
Attest: W. M. HAMMITT, City Clerk.

An Ordinance fixing the compensation of the Mayor and Aldermen.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs:

SECTION 1.—That the compensation of the Mayor and Aldermen of this city shall be as follows:

The Mayor shall receive $600 annually to be paid in monthly installments.

The Aldermen shall receive the sum of $400 annually to be paid in monthly installments.

Passed March 20th, 1893.

E. W. DAVIS, Acting Mayor.
Attest: W. M. HAMMITT, City Clerk.

An Ordinance relative to Building and Building permits within this city.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs:

That Section 9 of Article 1 of same Ordinance shall be [illegible] and annulled and in lieu thereof the following be and is hereby adopted.

Any person or persons intending to construct or repair any building within the city limits shall submit to the Mayor a copy of the plans and specifications for such building or repair. Such plans and specifications shall by the Mayor be submitted to the Building Inspector and Master of Plumbing and by them approved in writing, and a certificate of such approval giving date of approval, size and description of building, material to be used in its construction, whether wood, brick, stone or other material, and the place where building is to be constructed by lot and block, and any other material facts in connection therewith, which certificate shall be filed with the City Clerk. When the requirements as herein provided for are fully complied with the Mayor shall issue a permit for the construction of such building.

Passed March 20, 1893.

E. W. DAVIS, Acting Mayor.
Attest: W. M. HAMMITT, City Clerk.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The Well-Established Office of the Cripple Creek PROSPECTOR! Easy Terms

Here is a good opportunity for the right man.

The Prospector is the oldest paper in the camp, and has one of the best equipped offices there.

For further particulars address ANTHONY BOTT, Colorado City, Colorado.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT. [illegible]

GOSHEN BROS., Manufacturers of Pressed and Common Brick. Contractors in brick work, plastering and [illegible]. All kinds of building supplies on hand. Jubilee [illegible]. OFFICE 121 NORTH TEJON ST.

Canon City & Anthracite COAL, Wood and Kindling. C. G. JOHNSON & CO. Office Opera House Block. Yard East Cucharras street. Telephone 81.

STOCKHOLDERS' ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Work Mining and Milling Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room 23 Bank Building, in the City of Colorado Springs, Colo., on Monday the third day of April 1893, at 12 o'clock m., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The transfer book of the Company will be closed at noon on the 27th day of March 1893 and reopened one day after the final adjournment of said meeting. H. F. RAND, Jr., Secretary.

Dated Colorado Springs, Colo., March 20th, 1893.

NOTICE.

The following names are the proprietors of the only stallions running under International Rules, and may be known by an International Board hanging in every winner's box:

JOHN CHADWICK, H. H. CALLENBERGER, HENRY KRANTZ, J. V. FERRIER, PHIL SHERIDAN, H. PENICK & GILLESPIE, R. BIRKER, J. H. WILLIAMS.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Colorado Piney and Land Company to elect members of the Board of Directors and transact such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting will be held at the principal office of the Company, at Colorado Springs, in the State of Colorado, on the first Monday of April 1893, at 12 o'clock noon.

C. F. GOODSHALL, Sec'y.

YE ANTIQUE SHOP. MRS. WILLIAM A. LEWIN [illegible] DENVER.

THE DOUGLAS ROCKERY CO. DENVER. Cut Glass and Bric-a-Brac. Can we interest you? We have the goods and the prices. New Spring Novelties now being received. Send us your orders, we'll treat you right. Any goods purchased of us that are not satisfactory can always be returned. Our new shapes and decorations in Toilet Ware are particularly pleasing to those who have seen them. Always go to first class houses when you want first class goods. Try us for instance.

Have You Looked Over Your Frames? To see if they needed regilding. Tarnished frames spoil the effect of pictures. If you wish gold gilding done according to methods used in the best New York establishments, you will find such work come from our gilding department, as we have brought here under contract. New York workmen who thoroughly understand their business. If you will send us the size of your frames inside measurement, giving width of molding, stating whether they are plain or ornamental, we would be pleased to send you an approximate on the cost of regilding either in gold or metal.

THE CHAIN & HARDY CO. ART DEALERS. 1009 1013 Arapahoe Street, Denver, Colorado.

ON THE FLOOR HOUSE CLEANING. Your Carpets cleaned on the floor, colors restored and Carpets made new. Half an hour per room; cost as low as by any other method. We guarantee satisfaction or no pay. Estimates given on any amount of work. Office 106 E. Pike's Peak. Telephone 179. NEW PROCESS CARPET CLEANING COMPY. Colorado Springs, Colo.

COLORADO PAPER BOX MANUFACTORY. Vetter & Pearce, Proprietors. Paper Boxes of all Kinds. 1541-1553 Blake Street, Denver, Colo.

THE NEW J. H. WOLFE HOTEL. The Finest Hotel IN THE Great Cripple Creek Gold Mining District. Solid Brick, Lathed and Plastered, Steam Heat, and Electric Bells in every room. Electric Lights. ELEGANT BATH ROOMS. Surpassed by none in the State. Rates, $3 and $4. J. H. WOLFF, Prop.

ESTABLISHED 1872. El Paso County Bank. Capital Paid In $100,000. Surplus 20,000. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United [illegible]. WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier. J. H. BARLOW, Ass't Cashier. Directors of the Firm: Wm. S. Jackson, C. H. White, J. H. Barlow.

FOR RENT! A Suite of Elegant Rooms IN THE Gazette Building. Also a few Single Rooms; all modern conveniences. APPLY AT BUSINESS OFFICE, OR TO HENRY LE B. WILLS & CO.

CHAS. T. WALKER. Saddle Horse Livery. HORSES CLIPPED. The latest improved power machine. A perfect and superior [illegible]. HORSES SOLD ON COMMISSION. Rear of No. 21 Pike's Peak Ave. Colorado Springs. Telephone 229.

A ROSE GARDEN FOR $1. 12 FINE ROSE PLANTS. Your selection from our Standard Varieties post-paid. [illegible] THIS BOOKLET TELLS HOW TO RAISE BIG CRYSANTHEMUMS. 20 GREENHOUSES 40,000 SQ. FT. GLASS. SOUTH DENVER FLORAL CO. P. O. BOX 861, SOUTH DENVER, COLO.

"PLAIN AS A PIKESTAFF" Are the explanations we make When Selling Pianos. As you know probably but little of the mechanism of a piano or the relation of one part to another. We Will Enlighten You. It is a pleasure to us and a benefit to you. We Also Sell Organs. THE KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO. 15th and California Streets, Denver.

Koal-Spar. [illegible] 3d. Koal-spar absolutely destroys coal gas. 4th. Koal-spar saves 20% of your COAL BILL. One package of Koal-spar costing 25 Cents saves one quarter ton of coal, hard or soft. Descriptive circulars free to consumers. Ask your grocer for it. AGENTS WANTED. THE KOAL-SPAR CO. 51 Summer Street, Boston, Mass. ATKINS & Co., General Agts. 1321 Arapahoe St. Colorado Springs.

Moses I. Hale, 104 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation of London, England. Established 1720

Assets	$ 21,189,481 80
Liabilities	13,901,091 69
Capital paid up	3,449,[illegible] 45
Net surplus	4,786,105 74
Surplus to policy holders	8,291,916 20
Losses paid over	175,000,000 00

W. H. HUNARD, Stock Broker, MINING STOCKS Bought and Sold on Commission. Office, 13 Hagerman Bld'g. P. O. Box 464. TELEPHONE 200.

LINUS E. SHERMAN, United States Land and Pension Attorney. Will practice before any Land Office and the Pension Department. Contests and difficult cases a specialty. Insurance, Loans and Real Estate. Mineral Patents procured in the usual reasonable time. Adverses filed. Mineral surveys obtained, and all kinds of work connected with mineral claims. COLORADO REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, 109 East Huerfano St. LINUS E. SHERMAN.

PAGE, NOBLE & COUNTRYMAN, Civil and Mining Engineers. U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyors. Surveys, Maps, Plans, Examinations and Reports. P. O. Box 224. 25 Bijou Ave. Colorado Springs, Colo.

CHINA JIM. Now in San Francisco, has just sent a Shipment of New Goods TO HIS PLACE OF BUSINESS 121 Pike's Peak Ave.

SAM. S. THORPE, TEACHER OF THE Mandolin, Guitar and Banjo. Has but two more hours left. Any [illegible] desiring to take up the study of the instruments can apply to him. Fridays at The Antlers.

ATTENTION! If you wish to invest in a business of any kind, or if you wish to sell out your business for cash, [illegible] cash and part in real estate. Or if you have cattle, horses, or a farm to sell or trade, call upon or write F. G. PHILLIPS. [illegible] Room 16, Denver, [illegible] as he has made a specialty of this business for the past six years, and is the acknowledged leader in Colorado in that line. If you wish to invest in a business of any kind or if you wish to sell out your business, write F. G. PHILLIPS, 1604 Arapahoe St. Denver, Colo. See "business chances" [illegible] of the Denver dailies.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

[illegible] Company. [illegible] stockholders [illegible] of thirteen [illegible] held at the [illegible] at the [illegible] will be [illegible] common stock [illegible]. [illegible] Sec'y.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

[illegible] Loan and Investment [illegible] Monday [illegible] Colorado [illegible] election of Directors [illegible] other business [illegible] meeting. J. H. THRONDA, Sec'y. Colorado Springs, March 17, 1893.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Mexican National Construction Company. [illegible] meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican National Construction Company, [illegible] of the Board of Directors and transact such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the first Monday in April, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon. The [illegible] for the transfer of stock will be closed on the 10th day of April, [illegible] days after the final adjournment of such meeting. [illegible] Sec'y. Colorado Springs, March 16, 1893.

Henry LeB. Wills. REAL ESTATE. INSURANCE. NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS. For Pennsylvania and Colorado. MONEY TO LOAN. On Real Estate. AGENTS OF THE INTERNATIONAL Of Colorado. [illegible] HENRY LeB. WILLS. [illegible] PROFESSIONAL [illegible] Card Rates. DR. W. [illegible] JAMES R. [illegible] LAWYER. [illegible] HAIR [illegible] St. Julian. Gives the best [illegible]. 18½ Pike's [illegible]. The Exchange Nat'l. CAPITAL [illegible]. Call at Clark's for your Easter [illegible] before the price [illegible]. Telephone No. [illegible]. H. I. RE[illegible]. Delos Durfee, [illegible]. Office Rooms [illegible]. WM. LEN[illegible] COLORADO [illegible] Freight Tr[illegible]. PAUL [illegible] Contractor [illegible].

MINIATURE TRIBUNE

of little colored boy slaves bear testimony to the lamps of illusion of orient all on the census on wit house of representatives laughter especially house in this festival with great excitement was carried through the turbulence. The senators present this hugely. But the representatives their turn a little later when on the executive session produced by the reporters newspaper men.

Of course there was music from the marine band a club song at intervals by famous men. The Press Club gives a dinner but once a year. Four five times a year another organization of newspaper men in Washington the famous Gridiron club spreads a feast.

Among the well known artists of the Gridiron is Marshall Cushing who was Postmaster General Wanamaker's private secretary and who is a journalist and author of note. He plays the banjo and sings funny songs in a style quite his own and which would earn him a fortune were he to go on the stage. Another favorite star is Herndon Morsell who sings "The Song That Reached My Heart" in a way that is warranted to bring tears to the eyes of all who hear it.

Invitations to the dinners of these two organizations in Washington are highly prized by all public men. President, chief justices of the supreme court, the greatest and most influential men of this and other countries are glad to cross their legs under the festive board which the correspondents spread.

ROBERT CLAYTON

A Hotel Superstition

After looking through several pages of the register in the desk at the Hotel House the other day I suddenly stared at the cover and was half tempted to call the clerk. Young Jim peered over the desk caught it just in the temperature from shutting and with a look of real disgust he told me that book.

"Why not?" asked the guest.

"It would queer the business for the day," said Mr. Young.

"Go on," said the guest in a sighing tone. "I'm not superstitious."

"Well, I am," said Mr. Young, and I've had experience. When the hotel register has once been opened for the day and the first guests have registered I never let the book unless your rooms are all taken. It stops business.

"Bet you a cigar it's only a superstition that won't work in practice," said the guest. "Can you show me a single case where business was injured that way?"

"Sure. Was the very first hotel I ever in this hotel within two months. A commercial man came in before breakfast and set the book after hurrying through the register. We had started in to what looked like a big day's business. Had more than our share of the arrivals from the early morning trains and steamers but at noon the clerk was about to announce the day's business drop palpably. Telegrams came from three different parts of the city where we had engaged rooms. Everything was fine. In fact the afternoon and evening arrivals did not fill the average day's business. It said that closing the book like that all the while I'll tell you the same thing."—New York Times.

Wanted His Autograph

I prefer a written application, said a gentleman, one remarked a day or two ago in a large company recently. It was being discussed.

I know it. I piped a merry note when is given to hero worship. I've seen your carols once at a place where and—and I stole it.

My dear young admirer, said the fair label statesman.

Yes, I know it was a dreadful thing to do. My only excuse was that I wanted to get an autograph so much that I couldn't help it.

But my dear young admirer, said the fair, my handwriting is so bad.

Oh no, interrupted Miss H. not at all, say they, sensation. Why, it's perfectly lovely and so characteristic. I'll have it in my album and ever so many people have admired it.

Yes, said the gentleman with a sigh, superfluous cleanness. I think myself it's rather neat.

And yet you said your handwriting was bad. Oh you naughty man. I know I have that card from Miss H.

As a specimen of my character, do you mean?

Yes, in level.

Don't please, said the handsome gentleman looking around for a fire escape. The fact is, my secretary writes my cards. It saves me a lot of trouble, he is an expert penman.

Could he have—in Miss H.'s—he did yesterday viciously tearing that card to numerable small fragments. I wonder he hadn't worry he had discharged her. Detroit Free Press.

A Sad Tasting

I am a confirmed tight lacer, writes a poor misguided Englishwoman to London paper, and enjoy the feeling. I am tall and rather inclined to be stout though I never let my waist exceed 1 inches night or day. My maid can sometimes lace me in to 15½ inches. If I have no breakfast but I walk outdoors. The feeling is delicious, though painful when I sit in a drawing room. I cannot eat of course but while the other girls get flushed and hot I am pale and cool. I eye them a pensive—I don't know I would be my complexion—of my—"

Wants

[illegible]

Real Estate Transfers

Reported by Henry L. B. Willis & Co. Gazette building for week ending March 22, 1893.

[illegible]

W. J. Reed to W. H. Crowell tracts Nos. 1 and 6 in South Colorado Springs $ 375

W. H. Crowell to Frees Hall tracts 1 and 6 Add 1 in South Colorado Springs 1

Ernest Hall to E. M. Couch tracts 1 and 6 Add 1 in South Colorado Springs 300

R. S. Leonard to The African Methodist Episcopal Church of Colorado Springs, lot blk L. 100

George Ballinger et al to A. M. E. Church of Colorado Springs, lot blk 125 1

W. J. Reed to Joshua Robertson lot 2 blk 2 F. L. Martin assignee of Wm. B. Young's subd of blks 20 and 22 add 1 1900

H. A. Rhodes to A. F. Carlton part lot 1 Geo. H. Stewart's subd of blk 22 add 1 1

Mary J. Kennedy to J. W. Bell n 50 ft lot blk 13, add 1 1

C. E. Snyder to Geo. De La Vergne lot 18 blk 1 Goshen's subd blk 25 add 1 1

Edwin C. Campbell to Eliza A. Turney lot 28 blk 23 1

C. A. Carle to Jonathan Evans lot 1 blk 13, add 2 1

E. H. Taylor to Nancy G. Robinson et al part lot 1 blk 2 West Colorado Springs 1000

A. C. Downs et al to Horace Morse part lot 1 blk 2 West Colorado Springs 1100

[illegible]

E. J. Eaton et al to Robert Emmet et al all that tract of ground bounded as follows beginning at a point 16 rods 8 links from the line of blk 150 ft, w parallel with the line of blk 100 ft n parallel to first course 140 ft e 100 ft to beg 100

[illegible]

W. H. Colburn to S. A. Bulkley lot 13 blk B 1000

[illegible]

Chas. Bailey to Charles Thurlow lot 23 blk 14 1

W. D. Latchaw to E. E. Dow lot 26 blk 15 600

H. F. Anderson to E. H. McCrey et al lot 37 blk 1 1

Oscar Reed to Frances V. Reed lot blk 1 800

Wm. Clark to S. Ingersoll lot 14 and 15 blk 3000

Alex Watt to R. H. Simmons lot blk 800

R. H. Simmons to Sarah H. Caldwell lot blk 1500

J. Arthur Conell to W. J. Bertright lot blk 1

J. Arthur et al to J. Donaldson lot blk 10 000

[illegible]

Jane R. Quinn to [illegible] lot blk 1 1

Martin Drake to Jacob [illegible] lot blk 16

[illegible]

A. Buckey to W. H. [illegible] blk 1 Hale's add 1

[illegible]

John A. Gates to John Dawson [illegible]

[illegible]

John Dawson to E. M. Canby [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

W. L. M. Wright to Daniel D. Graff [illegible] 2,500

[illegible]

[illegible] 14

[illegible]

[illegible] 3,000

[illegible] 800

[illegible] 10,000

[illegible] 2,500

[illegible] 14

[illegible] 1,000

[illegible] 1,000

[illegible] 1,000

THE GAZETTE

[illegible]

[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]